

Table 1: Demographic, clinical, and radiological findings of patients with esophageal atresia

	Followed in other center (n = 43, %)		Followed in our center (n = 21, %)		Total (n = 64, %)	
Male/female	28/15	65.1/ 34.9	15/6	71.4/ 28.6	34/30	53.4/ 46.6
Age (years) (mean)	6.7 years (6 months–12 years)		4.7 years (1 months–13 years)		5,9 years (1months–13 years)	
SYMPTOMS	42	97.6	18	85.7	60	93.8
Coughing*	42	97.6	15	85.7	57	95
Grunting-Wheezing	20	46.5	16	71.4	36	60
Recurrent lung infections *	30	69.7	8	38	38	63.3
Malnutrition	10	23.2	4	19	14	21.5
Pectus deformity	3	6.9	1	4.7	4	8.3
Scoliosis	1	2.3	-	-	1	1.5
CHEST X RAY						
Chronic changes ¹	38	88.3	14	66.6	52	88.1
Consolidation	10	23.2	9	39.1	19	32.2
Atelectasis	13	30.2	3	14.2	16	27.1
RESPIRATORY	8	20.9	2	4.3	10	15.6
FUNCTION TEST						
Restriction	3	37.5	1	50	4	40
Obstruction	1	12.5	1	50	2	20

CHEST CT	21	48.8	7	19	28	43.8
Atelectasis	14	66.6	2	28.5	16	57.1
Consolidation	9	42.8	5	71.4	11	39.2
Bronchiectasis *	7	33.3	2	28.5	9	30
Mosaic perfusion	3	10.7	-	-	3	10
FB/FL	10	23.2	4	19	14	21.9
Tracheomalacia	8	80	1	25	9	64.9
Bronchomalacia	1	10	-	-	1	7.1
Tracheal recanalization of fistula	1	10	2	50	3	21.4
ENT	30	69.7	18	85.7	48	75
Laryngomalacia/omega epiglottis	5	11.6	6	33.3	11	22.9
Vocal cord dysfunction	1	3.3	1	5.5	2	5.6
SWALLOWING DYSFUNCTION	27	67.5	13	68.4	39/55	70.9
ASTHMA	29	69.4	6	28.5	35/48	71.4

Abbreviations: CT, computed tomography; FB/FL, flexible bronchoscopy/flexible laryngoscopy; ENT, ear nose throat. ¹Chronic changes without acute abnormality

*Statistically significant