

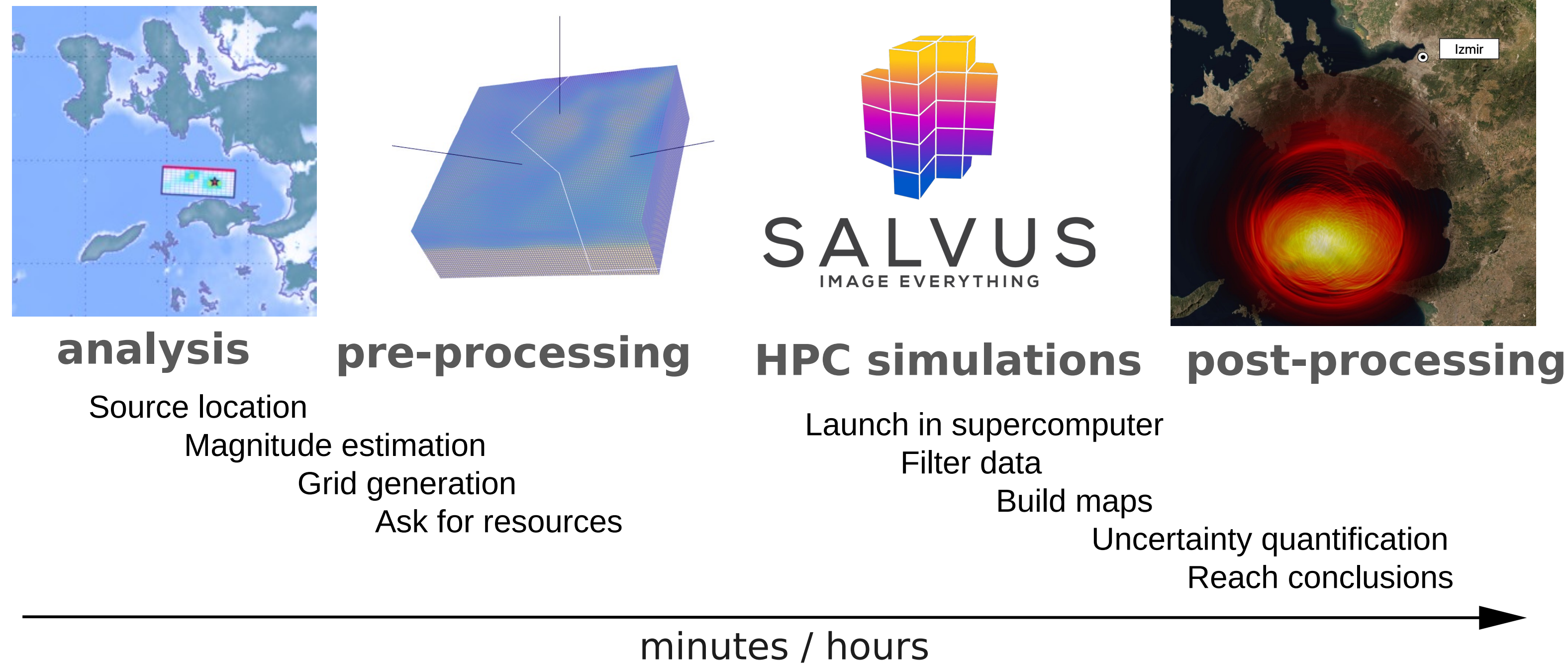
## -- MOTIVATION --

### Urgent Computing for Natural Hazards links:

- High-Performance Computing  
State-of-art physics-based simulation codes
- Readily available data
- High-Performance Data Analytics

To provide insights into the impact and potential damages immediately after the occurrence of an extreme event

### Resilience Workflow: to provide fast outcomes using a fully automatic workflow

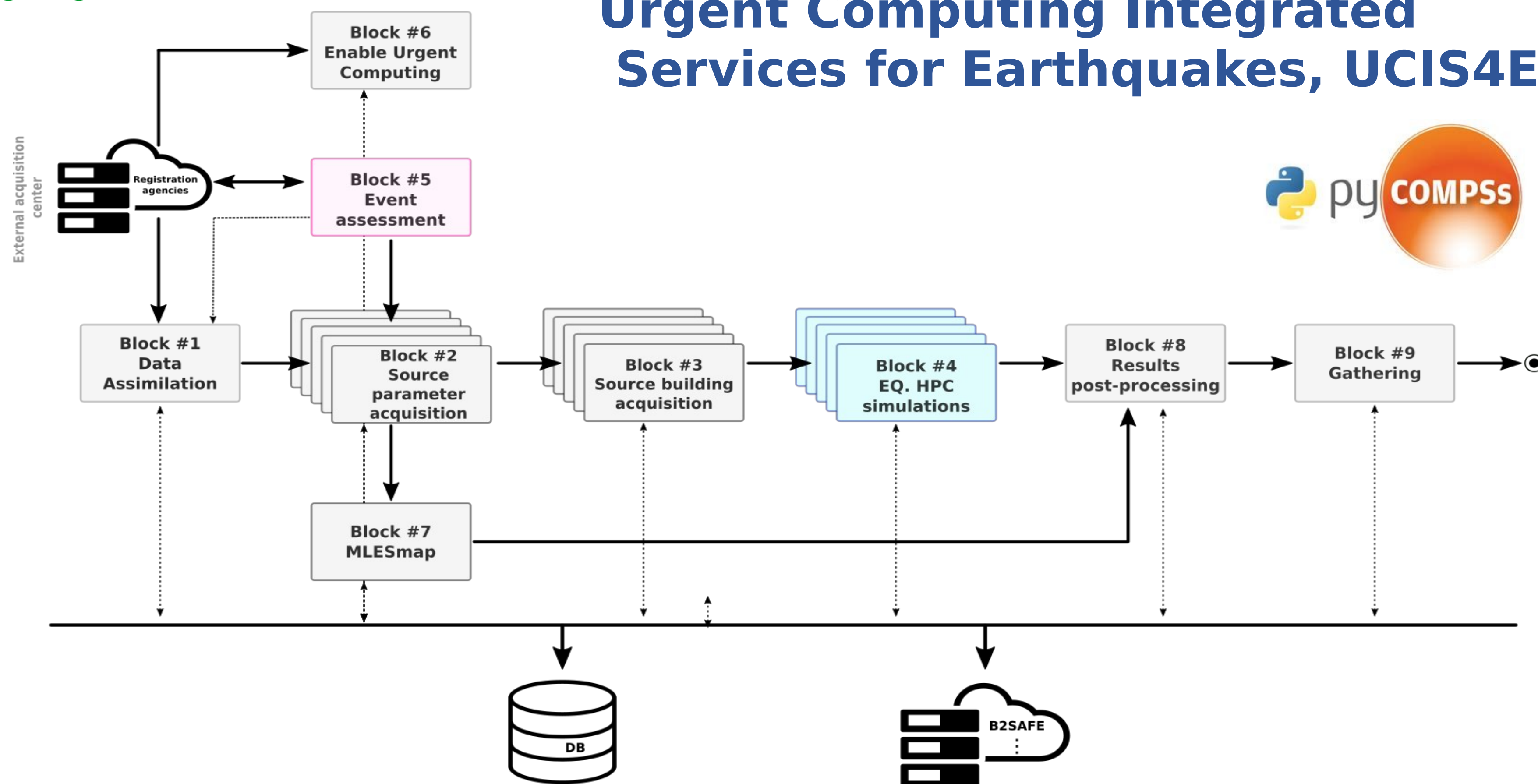


### 3D-physics based seismic simulations:

- Full time-histories
- Uniform sampling in space
- Sensitive in different ways to uncertainties than current approaches
- The high resolution of this approach can complement the information of the GMM.

## -- SOLUTION --

### Urgent Computing Integrated Services for Earthquakes, UCIS4EQ



- Based on containerised microservices,
- Fully orchestrated by the PyCOMPSS workflow manager
- Automatically prepare and manage physics-based deterministic simulation suites for rapid synthetic results.
- UCIS4EQ delivers estimates of relevant ground motion parameters, such as peak ground velocity, peak ground acceleration, or shaking duration, with very high spatial resolution

## -- USE CASE --

### Earthquake\*:

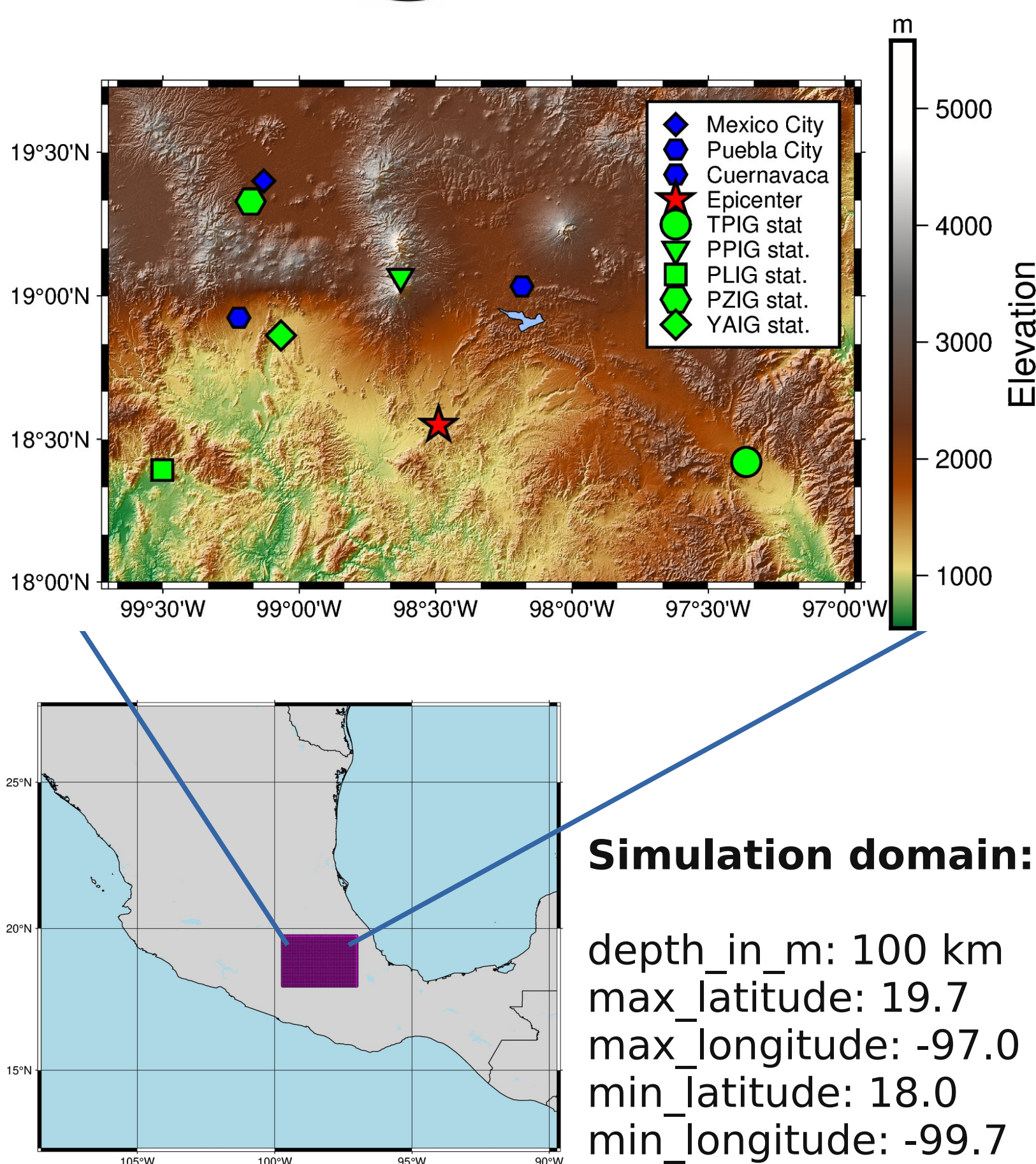
Magnitude: Mw 7.1,  
Date: 19/9/2017  
Hypocenter:  
latitude: 18.55  
longitude: -98.489  
depth: 48 km

### Social impact\*:

~ 320 people killed  
~ At least 6,000 people injured.  
~ 44 buildings collapsed

### Source parameters\*:

Strike: 300  
Rake: -83  
Dip: 44



### Simulation domain:

depth\_in\_m: 100 km  
max\_latitude: 19.7  
max\_longitude: -97.0  
min\_latitude: 18.0  
min\_longitude: -99.7

### References

\*<https://earthquake.usgs.gov/earthquakes/eventpage/us2000ar20/>

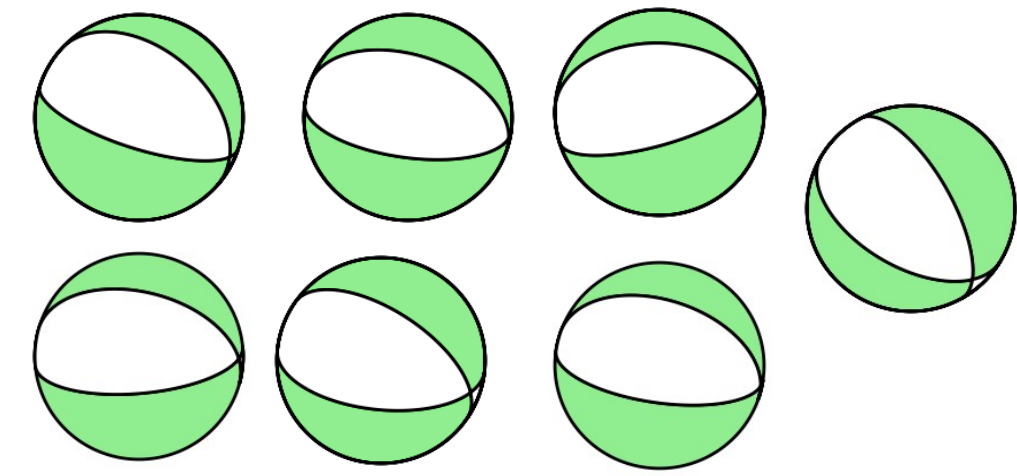
[1] Monterrubio-Velasco, M., Carrasco-Jimenez, J. C., Rojas, O., Rodríguez, J. E., Fichtner, A., & Puente, J. D. L. (2022). Frontiers in Earth Science, 339.

[2] Graves, R., & Pitarka, A. (2014). Seismological Research Letters, 86(LLNL-JRNL-741227).

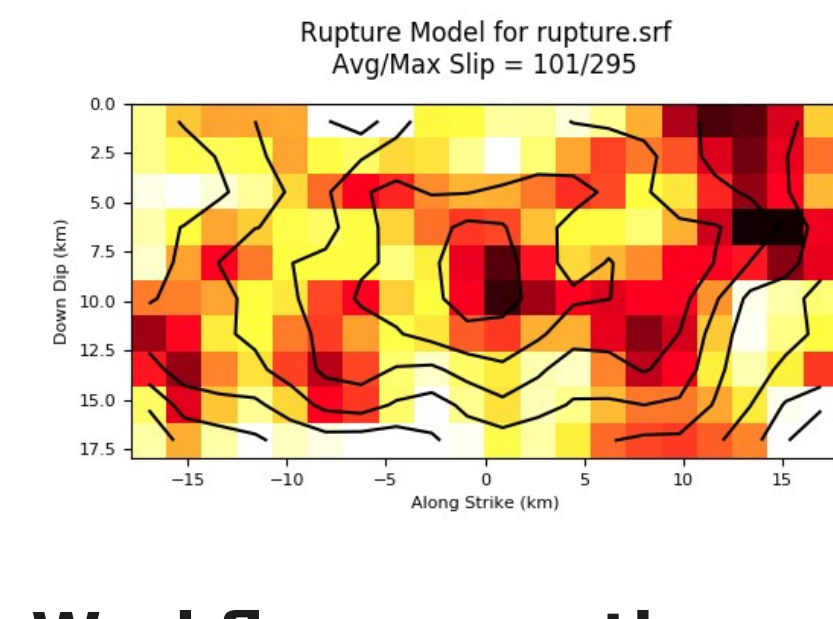
## -- RESULTS --

### Workflow configuration:

Ensemble sources [1]: 14



Finite-fault solution: based on Graves-Pitarka rupture generator [2]:

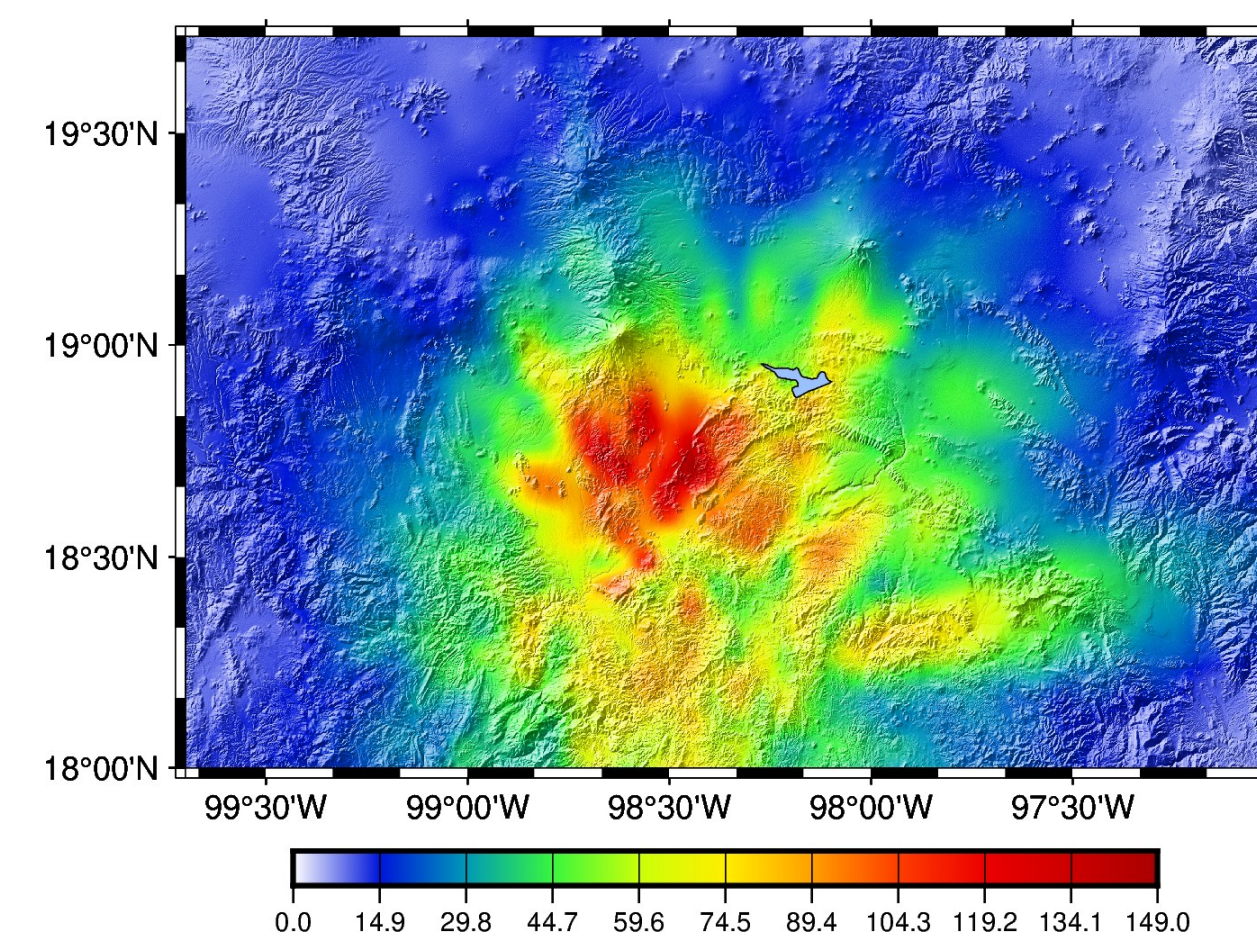


### Workflow execution:

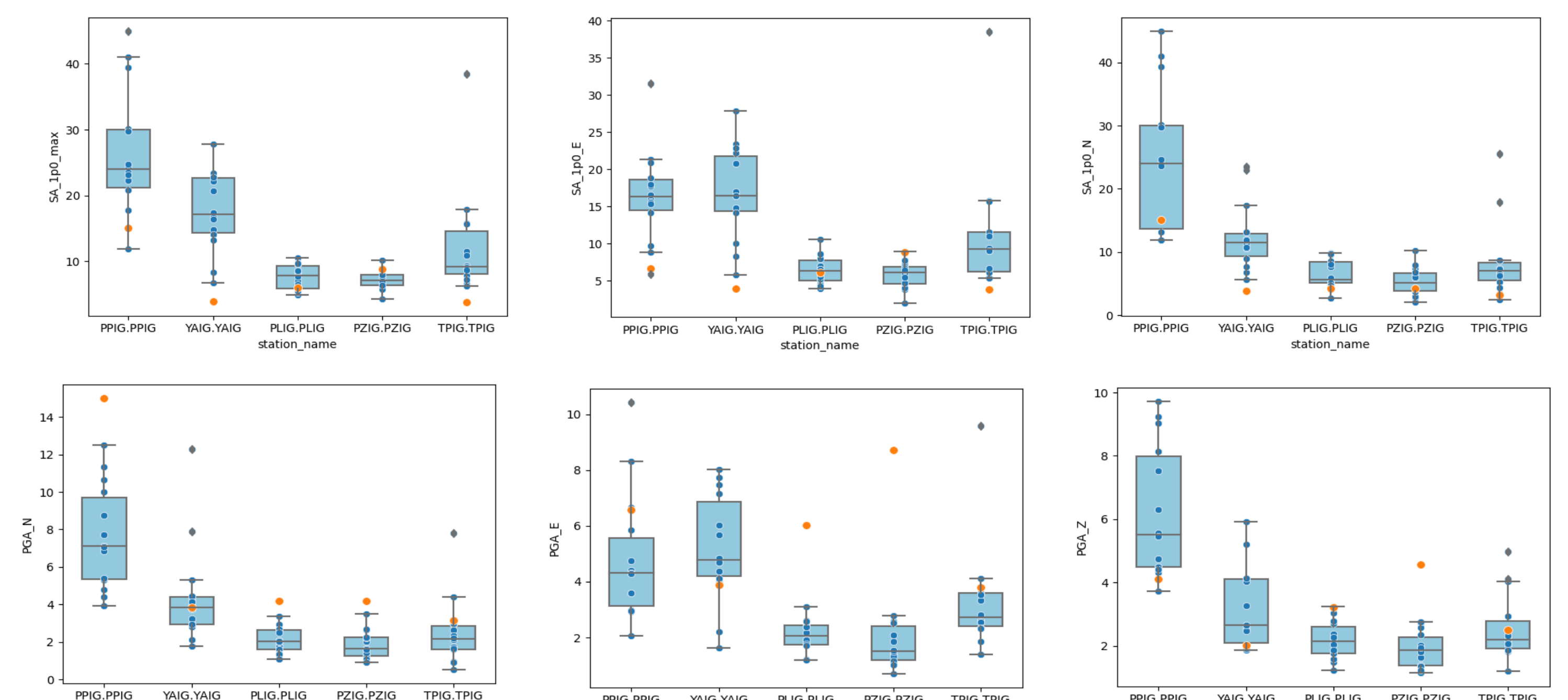
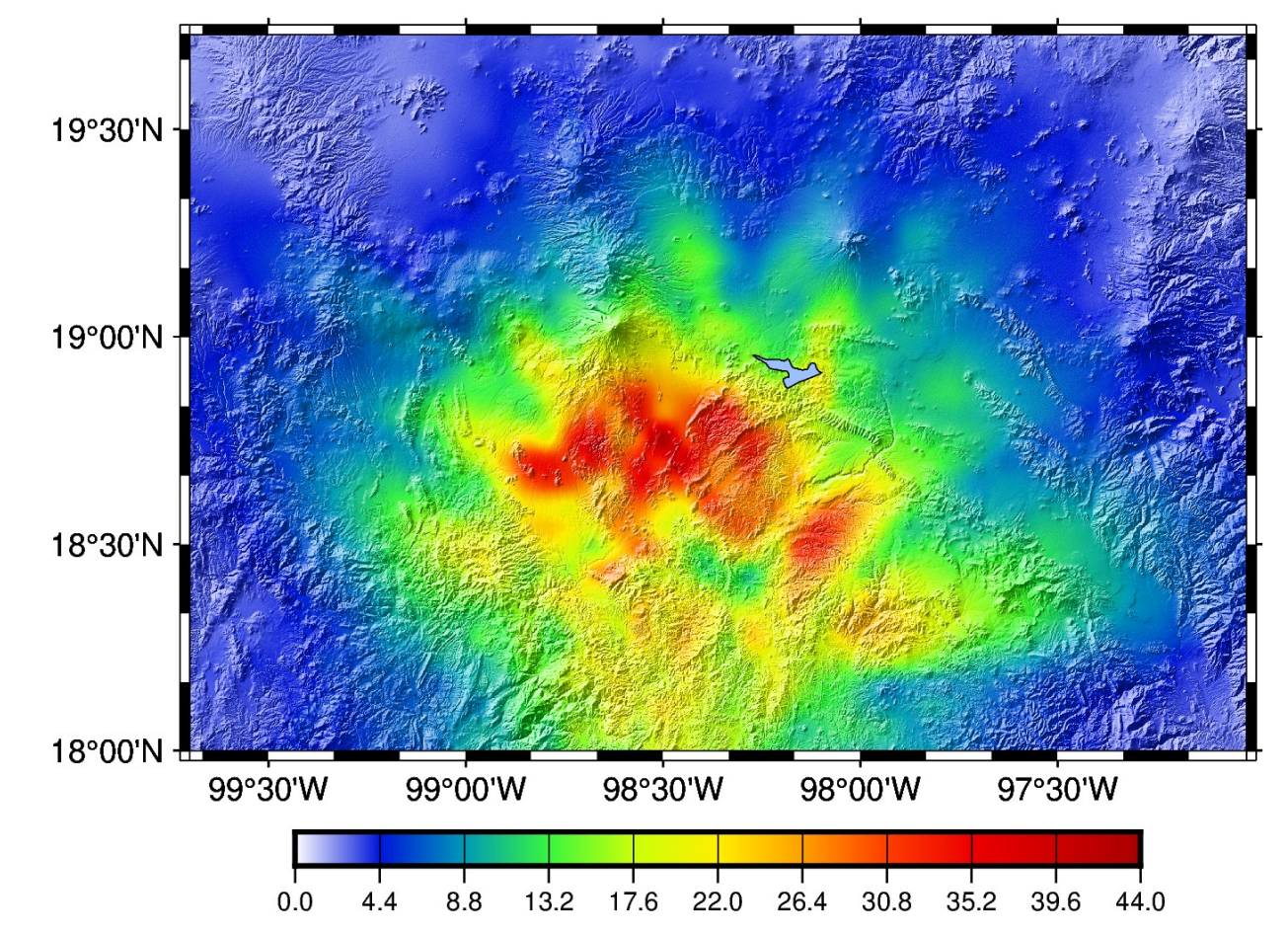
Resources: 480 CPUs  
Maximum frequency: 1 Hz  
N. mesh elements: 407346  
N. time steps: 70668  
Velocity Model: Global 3-D Earth Model Spiral 1.4

Wall time: 1:45

### SA\_1p0\_max (cm/s/s)



### PGA\_max (cm/s/s)



We thank personnel of Servicio Sismológico Nacional (SSN, Mexican National Seismological Service) for station maintenance, data acquisition and distribution.

## -- TO TAKE HOME --

- **Successful execution** of UCIS4EQ for the Mw7.1 Earthquake in Puebla 09/19/2017.
- UCIS4EQ enables **uncertainty quantification strategies** to study the effects of input parameters from physics-based simulations and real values. This use case will study the geological model of the Earth, the source parameters, and the finite fault solutions in the results.
- To increase the maximum simulated frequency and reduce the solution time, **GPU's** will be used.
- Amplification effects must be considered
- To offer an operational service on level 0 HPC machines, it is necessary to **enable urgent access computing mode**, helping to reduce waiting times in queues and allowing faster and more useful results for end users.



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